# C++ Programming: Exam Preparation

Solutions for each task will be submitted in the form of compressed archive (.zip) files, containing .h and .cpp files.

Please be mindful of the strict input and output requirements for each task, as well as any additional requirements on running time, used memory, etc., as the tasks are evaluated automatically and not following the requirements strictly may result in your program’s output being evaluated as incorrect, even if the program’s logic is mostly correct.

You can use C++03 and C++11 features in your code.

Unless explicitly stated, any integer input fits into int and any floating-point input can be stored in double.

## Task 3 – Transmission (Task-3-Transmission)

You are part of a SETI (*that thing that’s supposed to find aliens but never does*) team and you have just detected transmissions from a distant star system. The signal has been verified to indeed come from a star system, not from an Earth-orbiting satellite or any other sort of interference, and your team is certain the source is artificial. Your team wants to analyze the transmission, and for that they need to first identify the most-commonly encountered signals in the transmission.

The transmission has been converted to a sequence of English words (containing characters a-z and digits 0-9), separated by spaces. The transmission ends with a dot, preceded by a space (" .").

Your task is to write a program, which answers queries about the transmission in the form occurrenceCount index by finding all words which appear an occurenceCount number of times in the transmission, and printing out the word at position index in the lexicographical order of the (unique) words. If there are no words with that occurenceCount, print the dot character (".").

For example, if we have the transmission string:

"chug a mug of mead and another mug mead chug another mug of mead warrior ."

(*What? Nobody said the aliens can’t be from Skyrim…*)

and type in 3 0, the program should output mead – the words mead and mug each appear 3 times in the transmission, and ordered lexicographically they form the array {"mead", "mug"}, in which the element at the 0 index is the word mead.

If we instead type in 2 1, the program should output chug – the words that appear 2 times in the transmission are chug and another. If we sort them lexicographically we get {"another", "chug"}, and index 1 in that array is chug.

If we instead type in 4 0, the program should output . (a single dot character) – there is no word that appears 4 times in the text.

Write a program which reads in a transmission in the above-mentioned format, and queries in the above-mentioned format, and prints out the results for those queries

### Input

The first line of the input will contain the transmission – a string containing English characters a-z, digits 0-9, spaces, and ending with a space and a dot (" ."). Words in that string are considered sequences of characters and/or digits separated by spaces.

The next line will contain a single integer N – the number of queries.

Each of the following lines will contain two positive integer numbers, separated by a single space – the occurrenceCount and index values of the query.

### Output

N lines, each containing a single word, representing the answers to the queries in the same order the queries were given.

### Restrictions

0 < N < 500;

The total number of words will be at most 10000. Of those, no more than 500 will be unique. Each word will be at most 20 symbols.

The total running time of your program should be no more than 0.1s

The total memory allowed for use by your program is 5MB

### Example I/O

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Example Input | Expected Output |
| chug a mug of mead and another mug mead chug another mug of mead warrior .  2  3 0  2 1 | mead  chug |